## MATH 2610, EXAMPLES OF SECTION 4.7

## VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY

Question 1. Find two linearly independent solutions of

$$x^2y'' - 4xy' + 6y = 0.$$

## Solutions.

**1.** This is a Cauchy-Euler equation with a = 1, b = -4 and c = 6. Its characteristic equation is then

$$a\lambda^2 + (b-a)\lambda + c = \lambda^2 - 5\lambda + 6 = 0,$$

whose solutions are

$$\lambda_1 = 2$$
, and  $\lambda_2 = 3$ .

Therefore

 $y_1 = x^2$ , and  $y_2 = x^3$ 

are two linearly independent solutions of the equation.